Headquarters U.S. Air Force

Integrity - Service - Excellence

Air Force Command and Control ~ The Path Ahead



SAB 2000 Summer Study Outbrief
CSAF 15 Sep 00
SecAF 10 Oct 00

Dr. Pete Worch, Study Chair USAF Scientific Advisory Board



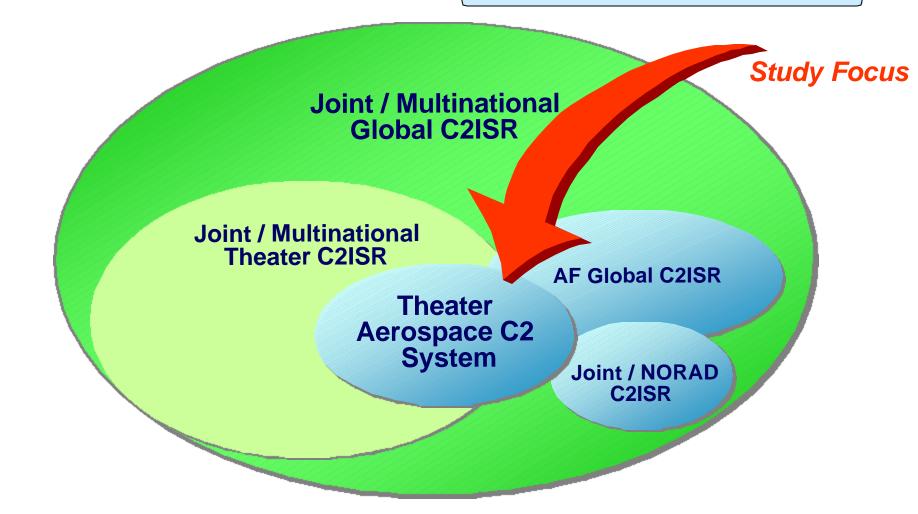


Terms of Reference

- The Air Force is not on a path today that provides coherence across space, air, and land assets to support the most timely and effective decision making and execution
- The Board was asked
 - to assess the C2 system and the supporting communication and information systems
 - to consider technical and process improvements, and to make recommendations on what should be done to "have the USAF linked by 2005"
 - to build toward the Air Force's long term command and control goals



The Study Focus



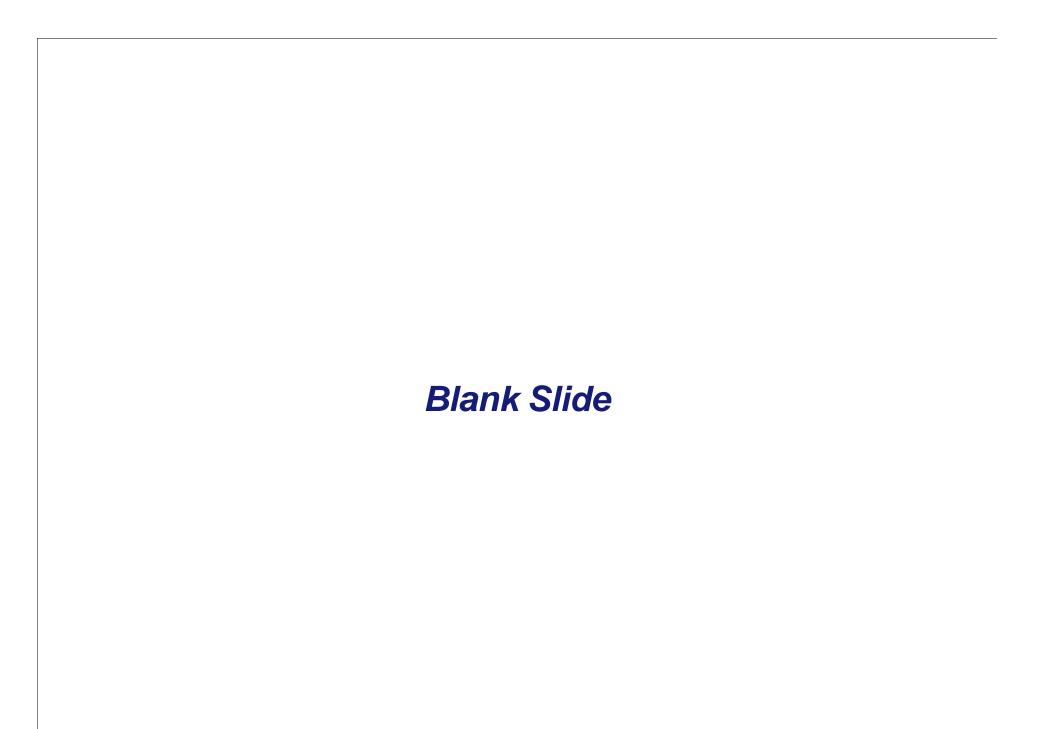


Study Tasks

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- Define the Air Force command and control system with today's capabilities and identify alternatives to enhance C2 over time (Concept and System Definition Panel Lt Gen (R) Joe Hurd)
- Define interoperability (joint and coalition) to ensure coordinated efforts on the battlefield (Interoperability Panel - Dr. Mike Borky)
- Identify the technologies that can enhance present and future command and control systems, with near term emphasis on timely and effective communication (Technology Panel - Dr. Alison Brown)
- Assess the acquisition, programmatic and cost effectiveness issue (Acquisition and Program Management Panel - Maj Gen (R) Eric Nelson)
- Consider the organizational, personnel, training and support consequences (People and Organization Panel - Mr. Jeff Erickson)

And we added a Bridging and Vision Panel - Mrs. Natalie Crawford



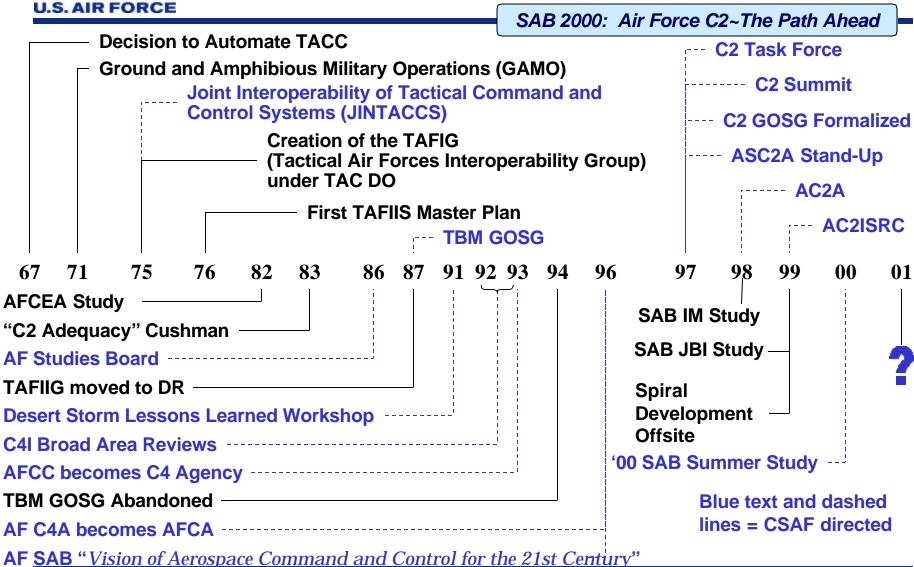


AF C2 Activities - What Has Happened?

- There have been numerous studies and organizations aimed at improved command & control
- There is a general sense that the attempted solutions are acquisition-driven, rather than operation-driven
- Deficiencies have been documented many times--some have existed for many years with little real progress
- "Fix it" plans stack high
- Numerous C2 architectures and CONOPS have been developed
- Senior leadership decided on changes, yet change did not happen
- There has been little improvement in the C2 capability



History - AF C2 Activities





Fundamental Dimensions of the Problem

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Management Factors

Acquisition Practices

Technology Policy & Process
Disconnects

- The Information Age has made the Command & Control function a very complex challenge
- Information technology to enhance Air Force operations abounds
- The C2 capability implementation process cannot keep up with the progress in operational concepts or technological innovations
- The C2 management & budget process is too fragmented to achieve a victory



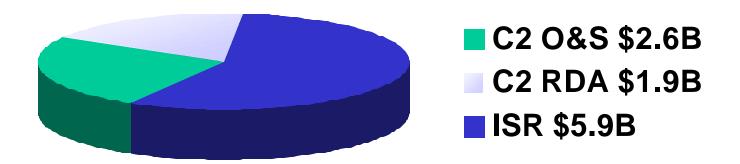


C2ISR Funding

(FY 02 POM)

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C2ISR - \$10.5B



8 Panels manage the C2 budget

131 Program Elements are involved

26 commands and agencies are affected





A Framework For Improvement

- A unified, understood, focused approach to C2
- A CONOPS-driven, capabilities-based process that encourages, not impedes, system operational enhancement
- Acquisition processes that are timely & efficient in capturing emerging technologies
- Lead in becoming more interoperable, including joint/coalition
- Horizontal integration of ISR with C2
- Focus and follow-through





Recommendation: Emphasize Role of Command and Control in the Air Force

- Endorse and institutionalize a compelling C2 vision... first step to recognizing the essential link between aerospace power and C2 (AF/CC)
- Establish coherent capability-based management for C2 and communications Place a single manager (e.g., Lt Gen, Operator) at the Air Force level, and include as a member of the Air Force Council (AF/CC)
- Hire expert IT and C2 professionals (IPAs?) for key positions in the C2 structure (AQ,XO,SC)
- Manage and exercise the Air Force C2 enterprise as an integrated system of "weapon systems" (AQ,XP,XO,SC)
- Restructure C2 programs and initiate migration (reduction) to PEs by nodes (weapons systems) and links (AF/XP)
- Establish Air Staff proponent for AFFOR C2 processes & systems (AF/CC)



A Command and Control Vision

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The Commander will understand, anticipate, and dominate the battlespace through distributed, collaborative planning and execution within a network of C2 centers/nodes.



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A Possible Logo Change







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Proposed C2 Program Consolidation

U.S. AIR FORCE SAB 2000: Air Force C2~The Path Ahead **FUTURE PRESENT** 2 Panels 8 Panels C4I & Sensor **50 PEs 100 PEs** 17 ISR PEs 17 ISR PEs **100 CONOPS** Less than 20 CONOPS Less than 30 MNS/ORDs **150 MNS / ORDs**



Recommendation: Manage Theater Command & Control As An Integrated Set of Weapon Systems

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 Designate the C2 nodes (AOC, ASOC, WOC, AWACS, JSTARS, etc.) as weapon systems (XO,SAF/AQ). Assures standardization of

Equipment

Processes

Software

Manning

Training,

Personnel Certification

■ Create and maintain a capabilities-based Theater C2 Weapon Systems Integration Roadmap and review regularly (XO,SC,AQ). Participants:

PEOs

Program Managers

MAJCOM Requirements Reps

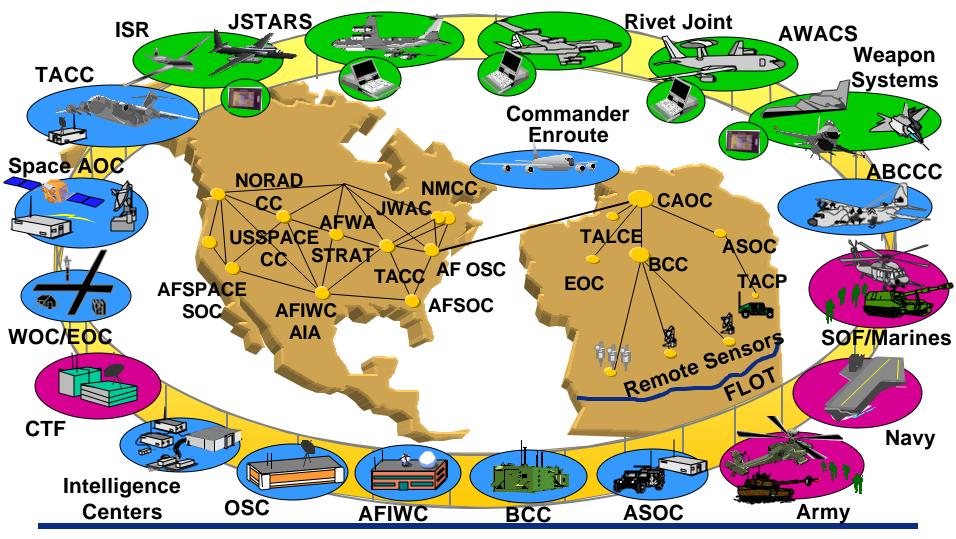
Air Staff (XP,XO,SC,AQ)

AC2ISRC

■ Establish and fund a single C2 integration activity (XO,SC,AQ,AFMC)



Theater Aerospace Command and Control System (TACCS)





Recommendation: Strengthen the AOC Through Restructuring, Staffing and Training

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- Manage the AOC as a Weapon System
- Restructure the operational headquarters (NAF) based on requirements to support expeditionary operations (XO)
- Streamline and enhance AOCs based on:
 - Baselining the number and locations
 - Standard organization
 - Standard processes and systems
 - Effectively motivated, trained, and certified personnel
 - New technology (TBMCS)
- Conduct daily training for C2 Warriors (i.e. 5/12 Ops, daily ATO?)
- Conduct Joint training (live/virtual)

(XO,AQ)





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(XO,AQ)

Train like we are going to fight!



AOC Manning Authorization

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		AOC Personnel		
Sorties/day	Size	Today	2001	2005
300-900	Quick Response	441	350	250
900-1800	Limited Response	870	600	400-500
1800-3000	Theater Response	1055	800	600-800

Base wartime manning on:

Full time, fully trained "peacetime" staff
1/3 ARF augmentees
Other augmentees, as needed, from another AFFOR

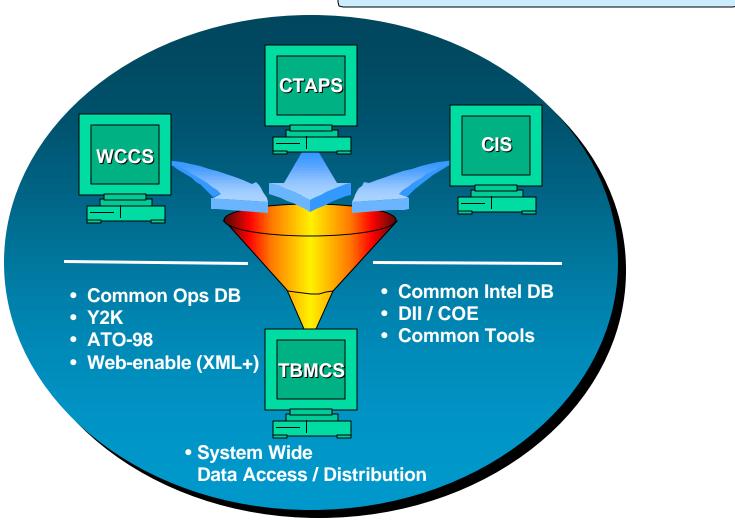


Recommendation – Field & Evolve TBMCS

- Field and Evolve TBMCS (SAF/AQ, AF/XO)
- Web-enable TBMCS as a step toward the JBI (SAF/AQ)
- Major upgrades needed soonest: (AQ)
 - Incorporate scalability and interoperability
 - Install simplified and consistent user interface
 - Reduce system administrator workload
 - Improve unit-level modules
- Merge and Migrate TBMCS to the GCCS-AF (AQ)
- Transition to an evolutionary integration process for yearly upgrades to TBMCS (AC2ISRC, ESC)



TBMCS





Recommendation - Institutionalize a C2 Evolutionary Integration Process

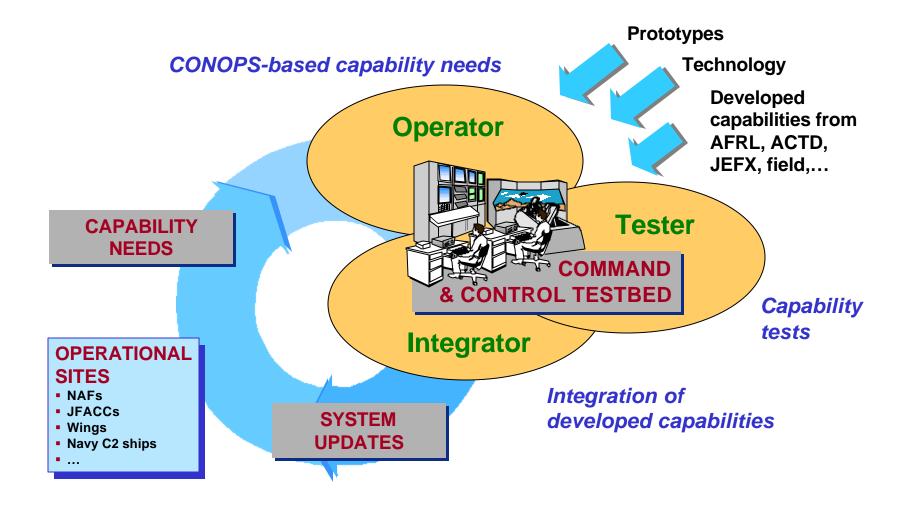
- Recognize the need for continuing C2 integration - Program and budget for the necessary infrastructure. (SAF/AQ, AFMC)
- Adopt an evolutionary integration process for C2 systems as the normal approach. The DISA approach for evolving the GCCS should be the model. (SAF/AQ, AFMC, AC2ISRC) Major elements:
 - Frequent periodic identification of capability improvements needed in the TACCS
 - Initiation of developments where they are required.
 - Establishment of a configuration control, certification, and integration capability
 - Level funding for integration of mission modules (mostly 3400)
 - Operational testing procedures should be adapted to this new process.
- Employ expert IT professionals (IPA?) to augment the team (AQ,XO,SC)

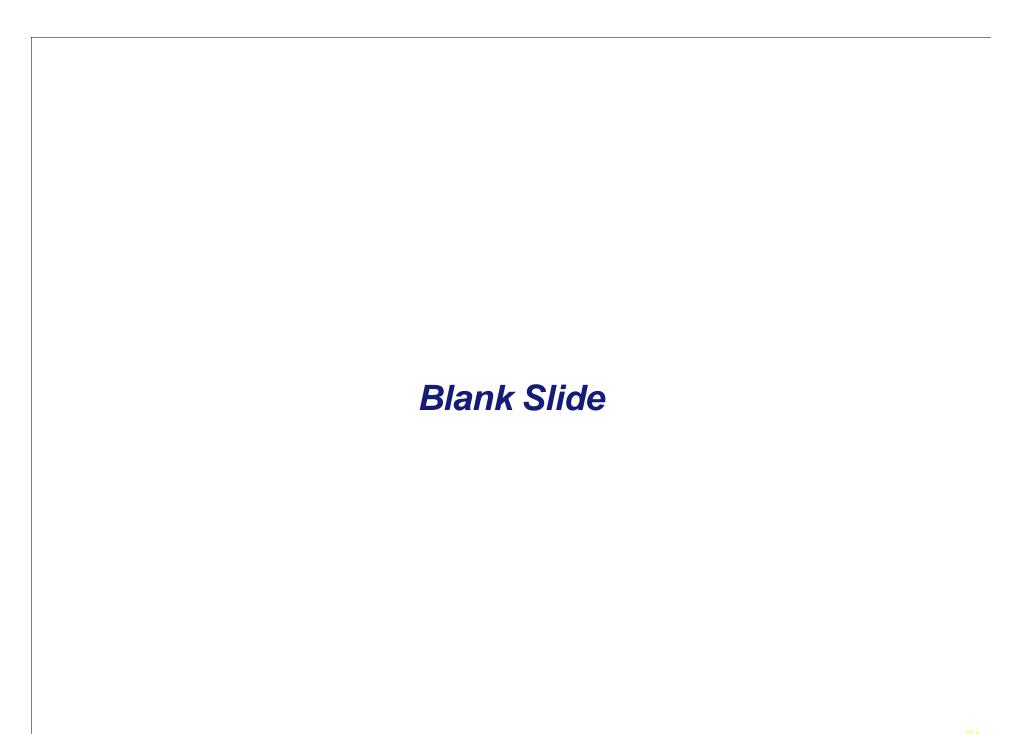




Evolutionary Integration Cycle for C2 Systems

(the DISA GCCS model)





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Operator Responsibilities

- Maintain CONOPS & Operational Architecture
- Prioritize desired capabilities
- Operationally evaluate developed capabilities
- Plan, program, and budget for personnel and support
- Foster development of new capabilities (ACTDs, AOCs, etc.)

Developer Responsibilities

- Respond to CONOPS and other user needs
- Assure technologies available for integration
- Participate in ACTDs, JEFXs, Battlelab activities
- Conduct spiral developments as needed

Integrator Responsibilities

- Maintain System and Technical Architectures
- System configuration control
- Engineering and data assessment, risk analysis
- Integration and testing
- Integration of developed capabilities into the baseline system

Ops Tester Responsibilities

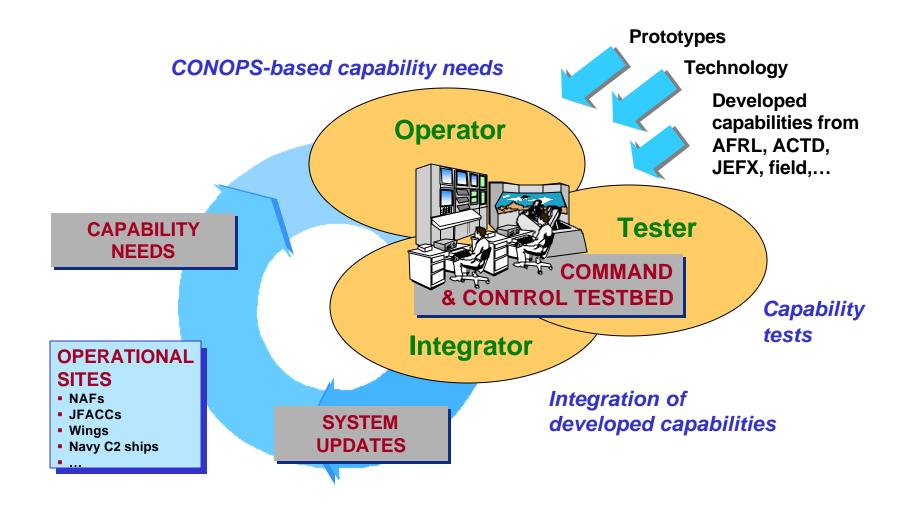
- Participate in engineering process
- Do main evaluation during development
- Certify performance post-integration

+ trainers, sustainers, etc.



Evolutionary Integration Cycle for C2 Systems

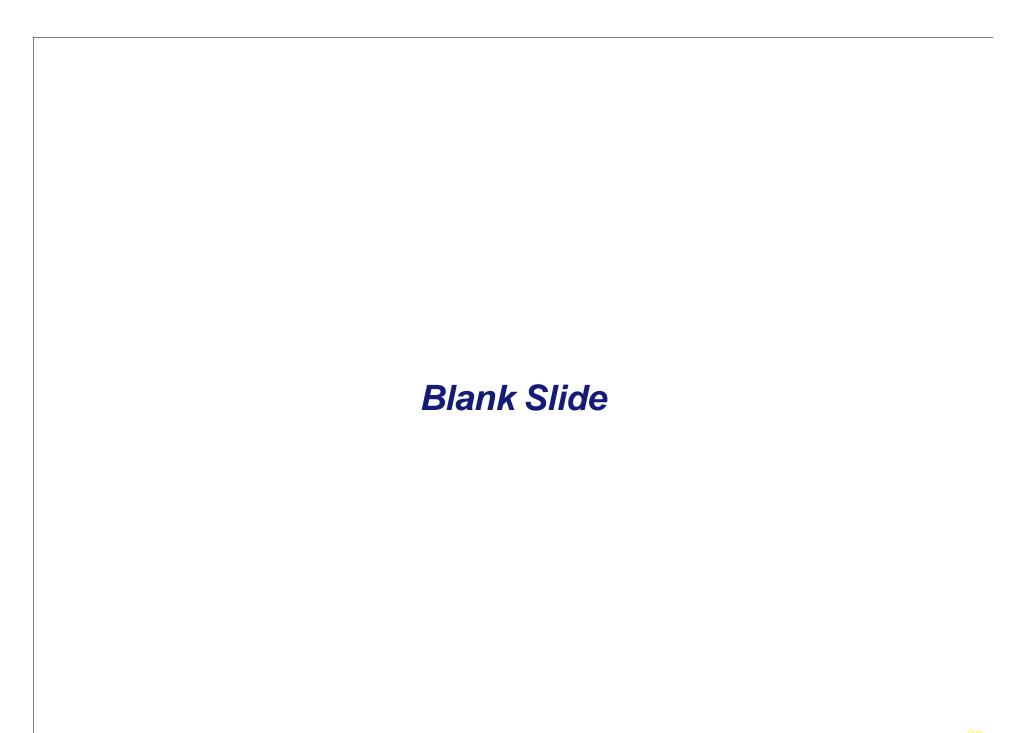
(the DISA GCCS model)





Recommendation - Institutionalize a C2 Evolutionary Integration Process

- Recognize the need for continuing C2 integration - Program and budget for the necessary infrastructure. (SAF/AQ, AFMC)
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 - Establishment of a configuration control, certification, and integration capability
 - Level funding for integration of mission modules (mostly 3400)
 - Operational testing procedures should be adapted to this new process.
- Develop a C2 Testbed (AOC-X?) that is based on an integrated team of operators, developers, integrators, testers, sustainers and trainers
- Employ expert IT professionals (IPA?) to augment the team (AQ,XO,SC)



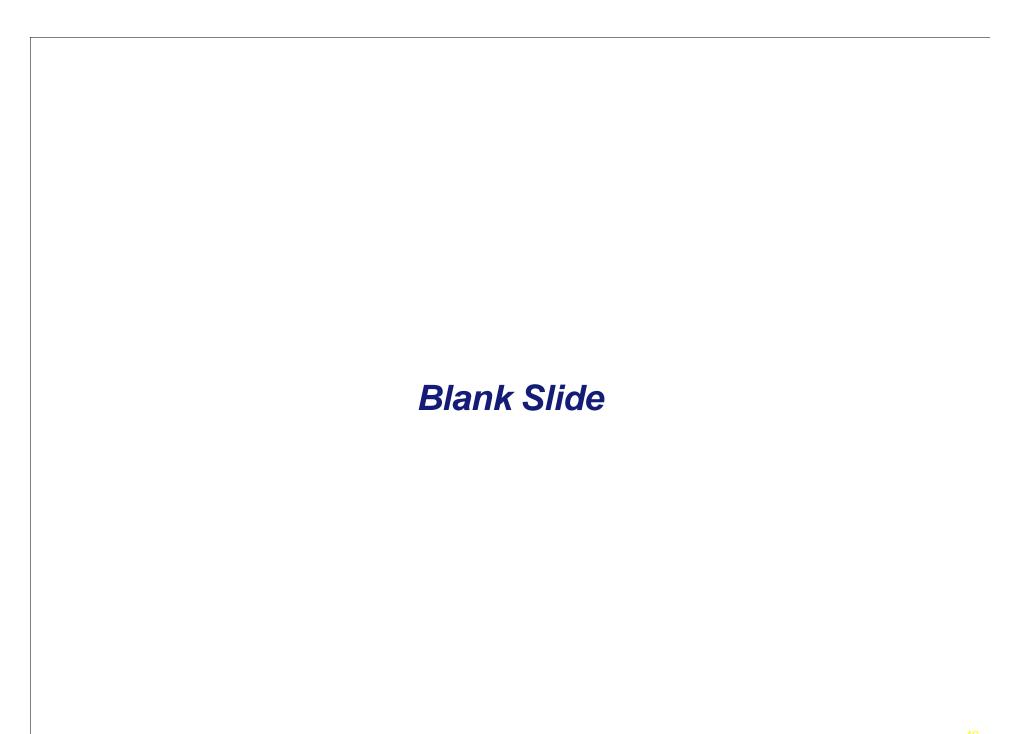


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	COTS Available	GOTS Available	C2 Exploitation
Dynamic Planning and Execution			
Connected, Survivable, Reliable Communications			
Information Fusion			
Information Assurance			
Information Management			
Human-Machine Interaction			
Enterprise Systems Engineering			

Green: Some Ready Yellow: Future Potential Red: Not Yet





Recommendation: Enable and Encourage Rapid Technology Insertion

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- CONOPS and desired capabilities should drive development, rather than multi-volume requirements documents
- SBIR (6.5) investments should be linked to a master C2 R&D plan
- Fund and facilitate rapid transition of S&T, SBIR, and JEFX developments into weapons systems
- Adopt a formal process to allow <u>operational</u> optimization of C2 information applications, while maintaining configuration control and system integrity
- The DII COE certification process must be streamlined to accommodate new technology (e.g. publish, subscribe, fuselets) in a timely manner.
- Provide authority to all C2 programs to accept industry logo compliance as equivalent to DII COE certification (Level 5)
- Encourage the IT-Operator blue suiters to innovate, and give them the tools to do so effectively
 (SAF/AQ)

41



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	COTS Available	GOTS Available	C2 Exploitation
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Enterprise Systems Engineering			

Green: Some Ready Yellow: Future Potential Red: Not Yet



Interoperability Happens in Layers

U.S. AIR FORCE SAB 2000: Air Force C2~The Path Ahead "Brain-to-Brain" "Shared Understanding" **Processes** "Shared Knowledge" Messages "Shared Data" **Signals** "Connectivity"



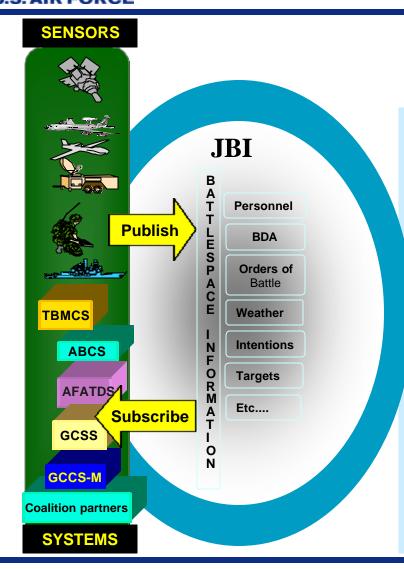


Recommendation: Achieve Information Interoperability For Warfighters Through JBI

- Start a process to get databases, systems and people sharing information on a service, joint and coalition basis
 - Migrate TBMCS, JMPS, DCAPES, etc. to a common information model first step is to web-enable & XML-enable (AQ,SC)
 - Start defining/refining the information model that the JBI needs (AQ,XO,SC)
 - Take the lead in encouraging the movement of the DII COE to an internet-like, services-oriented concept (AQ,SC)
 - Push the Adaptive Battlespace Awareness ACTD & use it as a vehicle to do all this, plus becoming the heart of a real C2 test bed (AQ,XO,SC)
 - Establish a process to assure effective Human-System Integration
- Get J-6, OASD/C3I (DISA), Army & Navy involved CECOM & SPAWAR are ready to work with us (AQ,SC)



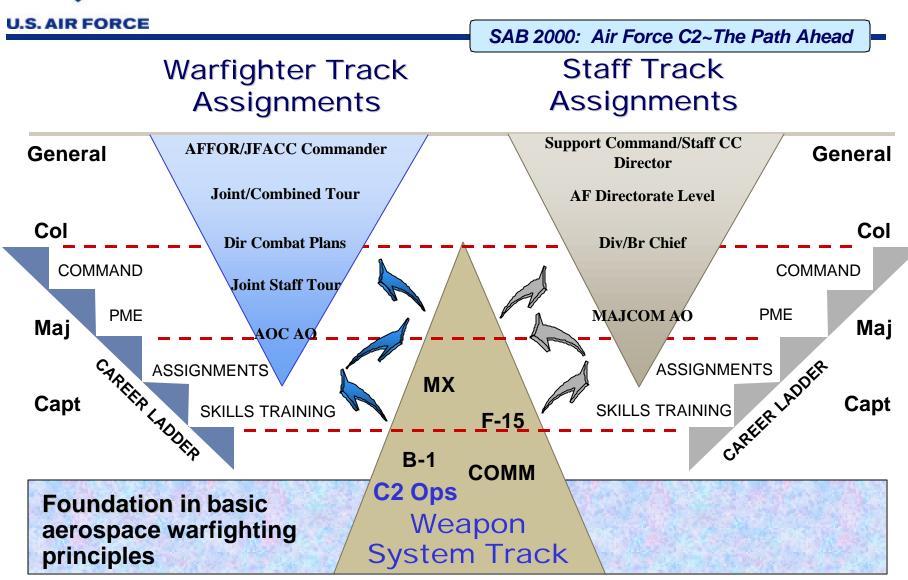
JBI: The Key To Interoperability



- The JBI is a system of systems that integrates, aggregates, and distributes information to users at all echelons, from the command center to the battlefield. The JBI is built on four key technologies:
 - Information exchange
 - Publish/Subscribe
 - Transforming data to knowledge
 - Fuselets
 - Distributed collaboration
 - Shared, updatable knowledge objects
 - Force/Unit interfaces
 - Templates
 - Operational capability
 - Information inputs
 - Information requirements



Warfighter Career Track







Recommendation: Staff and Train To Be Consistent With The Importance of C2

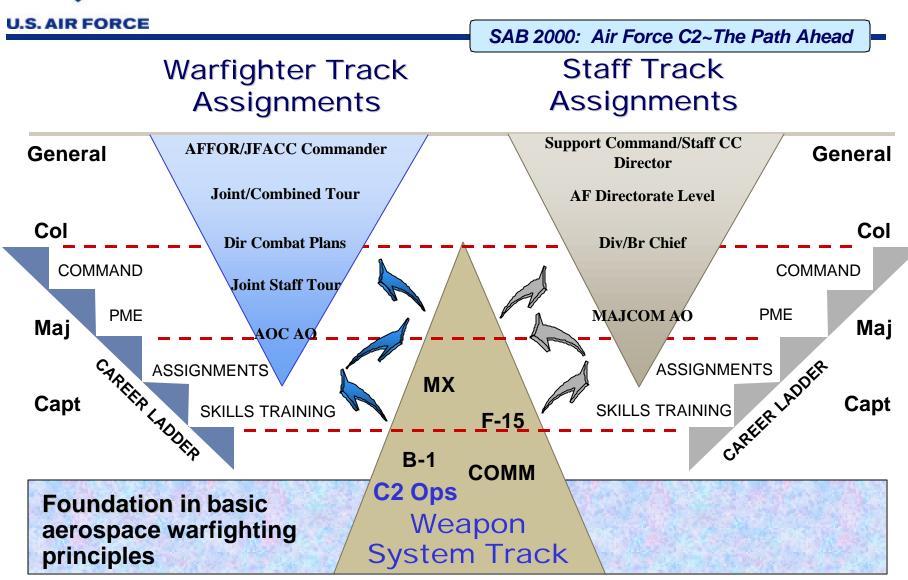
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- Model C2 Training after conventional weapon system training programs
 - Derive training requirements and standards from CONOPS/METLs
 - Establish "Standing AOC" with peacetime ops. & training mission
 - Actively engage AOCs in training, exercises and AEF spin-up cycle
 - Apply Distributed Mission Training (DMT) to integrate AOC, WOC & SOC
 - Ensure compliance with existing C2 training directives
- Elevate the stature and advancement opportunities for C2 warriors
 - Develop professional CAF C2 cadre and career track
 - Establish C2 skill & staffing requirements based on CONOPS
 - Assign AFSC/SEI codes for C2 specialists and improve tracking system
 - Recognize and promote to recognize C2 expertise
- Initiate a program to capture the exodus of IT-Ops professionals in specialized ANG and AF Reserve units for continuing support to AF C2

(AF/XO)



Warfighter Career Track







Some Keys For "Linking The Air Force By 2005"





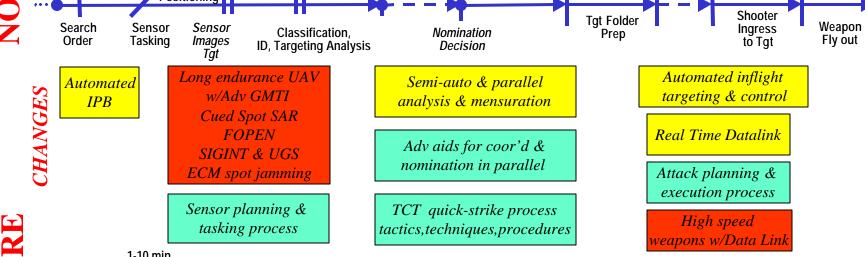
Linking The Air Force By 2005

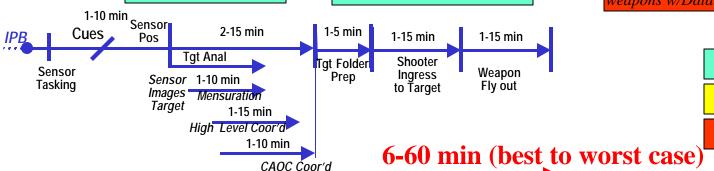
TCT Targeting Timeline

Now and Future

SAB 2000: Air Force C2~The Path Ahead

60 min to N hours (best to worst case CAOC Task Shooter Support Package Collection High Level **Analysis** Mensuration Weapon Launch Coordination Coordination Decision 10 min to hours Sensor Cues 15-40 min 20-60 min 5-30 min 2-30 min 0- hours 5-60 min 10-45 min Positioning 0 to hours





Possible Now

Possible 2005

Possible 2010







Recommendation: Strengthen Efforts For Attack of Time Critical Targets

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Initiate a program team to address the rapid response attack of time critical targets. Include:

- Automated IPB
- Continuous high altitude long endurance UAV w/ advanced GMTI and spot ultra high resolution (UHR++) SAR/EO/IR imagery
- Rapid semi-automatic analysis of cued (UHR++) spot imagery
- Improved sensor planning and tasking processes
- Automated mensuration w/ digital reference foundation database
- Parallel processes where possible with approx location analysis, mensuration, coordination, nomination
- Automated in-flight targeting/re-targeting
- Secure data link to the aircraft
- TCT Cell for critical mobile targets
- Develop high-speed weapons

Possible Now
Possible 2005
Possible 2010

(SAF/AQ, XO, XP, SC)



Linking The Air Force By 2005

TCT Targeting Timeline

Now and Future

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Why We Don't Have Datalinks

- Total programmed Link 16 investment between FY00 and FY07 is \$610M divided between 19 PEs.
- Air Staff: 3 Panels working the investment: Information Superiority, Air Superiority, Global Attack
- 19 Programs: F-15, F-16, F-22, B-1, JSF, B52, A-10, AWACS, JSTARS, ABCCC, Rivet Joint, Cobra Ball, ABL, GTACS, ASOC, TACP, JINTACCS, JTIDS, Network Design/Training.



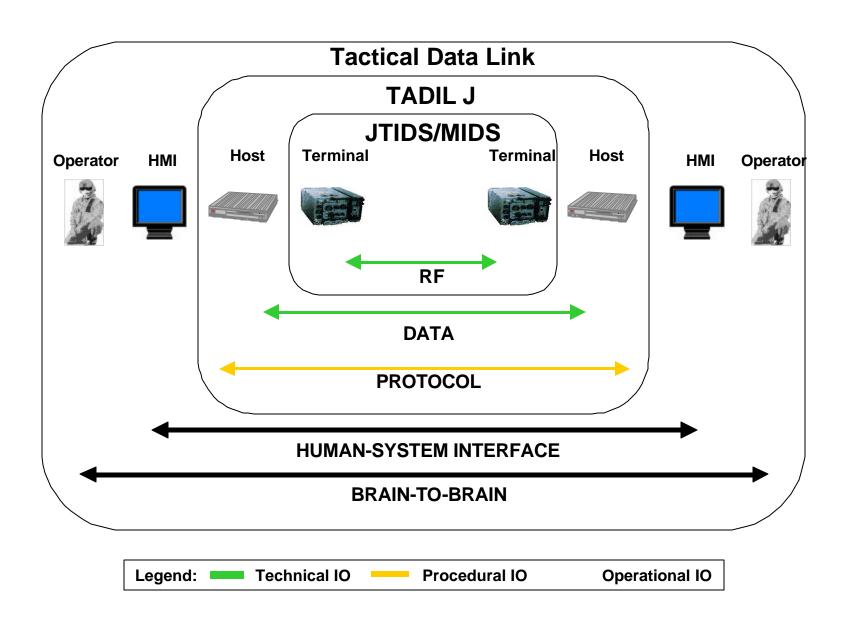


Linking The Air Force By 2005

Recommendation: Facilitate/Enhance Data Connectivity

- Designate an Air Staff office as the single control point for crossplatform C2 capability funding and select an execution organization (AFMC) (SAF/AQ,XO,SC)
 - Examine interim alternative options in detail for SADL, IDM, Link-16/SADL/IDM with Gateways (i.e., Talon Gateway), and other innovative solutions
 - Explore operational alternatives capitalizing on partial equippage
 - Develop required infrastructure support (network management, message management, testing, training, etc.)
 - Prioritize the investments to deploy AEFs with encrypted data-enabled capability
- Address need for robust, affordable, beyond line-of-sight links to airborne platforms – low and high data rates (XO,SC)
- Investigate and address other data connectivity issues and solutions (SC)
- Review quarterly at QAPRs?

Levels of Interoperability





Linking The Air Force By 2005

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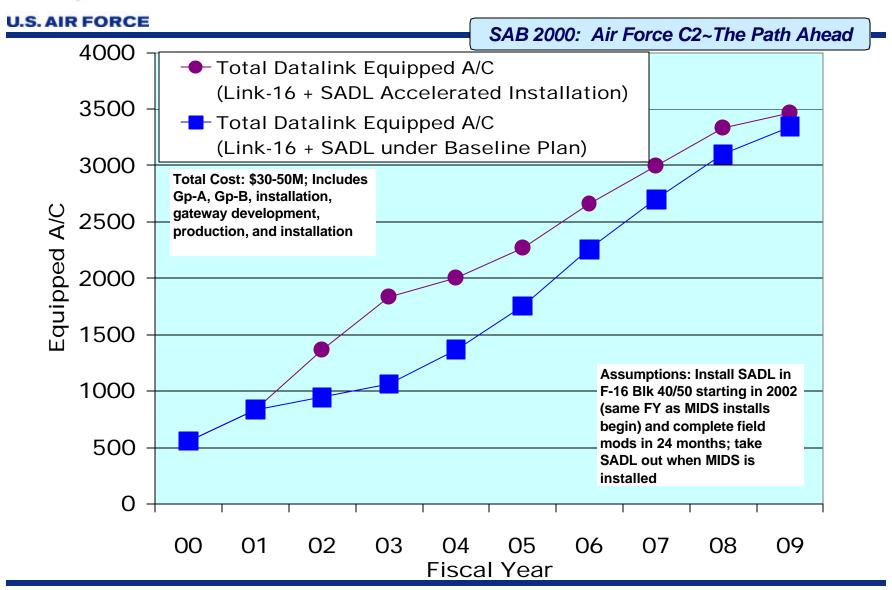
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Focus on the most cost-effective operational capability soonest





SADL Option for F-16 Blk 40/50





Recommended CSAF Actions

- Establish single C2ISR manager at AF level (e.g., 3 star Operator) AF
 Council Member
- Integrate expert IT professionals into the C2 staff
- Direct a C2 Program restructure
- Adopt the GCCS framework: Evolve Theater AF C2 applications into GCCS-AF
- Direct a capability-centric Evolutionary Integration Process for C2
- Manage theater aerospace C2 as a system of "weapon systems"
- Baseline the number, configuration, and location of AOCs. Enhance operation and reduce personnel through daily "wartime" use
- Appoint a "lead dog" for agile combat support software systems (GCSS-AF)





The Foundation For Effective Air Combat is Command and Control

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Establish the "Theater Command and Control 2000 Initiative"



The Vision

SAB 2000: Air Force C2~The Path Ahead **JBI** Integrated C2 **C2 GCCS GCSS** Centers C2 & ISR Platforms **Other Platforms** Global **Information** Grid